

Package ‘omopgenerics’

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Title Methods and Classes for the OMOP Common Data Model

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achillesColumns *Required columns for each of the achilles result tables*

Description

Required columns for each of the achilles result tables

Usage

```
achillesColumns(table, version = "5.3", onlyRequired = lifecycle::deprecated())
```

Arguments

- table Table for which to see the required columns. One of "achilles_analysis", "achilles_results", or "achilles_results_dist".
- version Version of the OMOP Common Data Model.
- onlyRequired deprecated.

Value

Character vector with the column names

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
achillesColumns("achilles_analysis")
achillesColumns("achilles_results")
achillesColumns("achilles_results_dist")
```

achillesTables	<i>Names of the tables that contain the results of achilles analyses</i>
----------------	--

Description

Names of the tables that contain the results of achilles analyses

Usage

```
achillesTables(version = "5.3")
```

Arguments

version	Version of the OMOP Common Data Model.
---------	--

Value

Names of the tables that are contain the results from the achilles analyses

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
achillesTables()
```

additionalColumns	<i>Identify variables in additional_name column</i>
-------------------	---

Description

Identifies and returns the unique values in additional_name column.

Usage

```
additionalColumns(result)
```

Arguments

result	A tibble.
--------	-----------

Value

Unique values of the additional name column.

Examples

```
{
  library(dplyr)
  library(omopgenerics)

  x <- tibble(
    "result_id" = as.integer(c(1, 2)),
    "cdm_name" = c("cprd", "eunomia"),
    "group_name" = "cohort_name",
    "group_level" = "my_cohort",
    "strata_name" = "sex",
    "strata_level" = "male",
    "variable_name" = "Age group",
    "variable_level" = "10 to 50",
    "estimate_name" = "count",
    "estimate_type" = "numeric",
    "estimate_value" = "5",
    "additional_name" = "overall",
    "additional_level" = "overall"
  ) |>
  newSummarisedResult(settings = tibble(
    "result_id" = c(1, 2), "custom" = c("A", "B")
  ))

  x

  x |> additionalColumns()
}
```

addSettings*Add settings columns to a <summarised_result> object*

Description

Add settings columns to a <summarised_result> object

Usage

```
addSettings(result, settingsColumn = settingsColumns(result))
```

Arguments

result A <summarised_result> object.

settingsColumn Settings to be added as columns, by default `settingsColumns(result)` will be added. If NULL or empty character vector, no settings will be added.

Value

A <summarised_result> object with the added setting columns.

Examples

```

{
  library(dplyr)
  library(omopgenerics)

  x <- tibble(
    "result_id" = as.integer(c(1, 2)),
    "cdm_name" = c("cprd", "eunomia"),
    "group_name" = "cohort_name",
    "group_level" = "my_cohort",
    "strata_name" = "sex",
    "strata_level" = "male",
    "variable_name" = "Age group",
    "variable_level" = "10 to 50",
    "estimate_name" = "count",
    "estimate_type" = "numeric",
    "estimate_value" = "5",
    "additional_name" = "overall",
    "additional_level" = "overall"
  ) |>
  newSummarisedResult(settings = tibble(
    "result_id" = c(1, 2), "custom" = c("A", "B")
  ))

  x

  x |> addSettings()
}

```

 assertCharacter

Assert that an object is a character and fulfill certain conditions.

Description

Assert that an object is a character and fulfill certain conditions.

Usage

```

assertCharacter(
  x,
  length = NULL,
  na = FALSE,
  null = FALSE,
  unique = FALSE,
  named = FALSE,
  minNumCharacter = 0,
  call = parent.frame(),
  msg = NULL
)

```

Arguments

x	Variable to check.
length	Required length. If NULL length is not checked.
na	Whether it can contain NA values.
null	Whether it can be NULL.
unique	Whether it has to contain unique elements.
named	Whether it has to be named.
minNumCharacter	Minimum number of characters that all elements must have.
call	Call argument that will be passed to cli error message.
msg	Custom error message.

assertChoice	<i>Assert that an object is within a certain oprtions.</i>
--------------	--

Description

Assert that an object is within a certain oprtions.

Usage

```
assertChoice(
  x,
  choices,
  length = NULL,
  na = FALSE,
  null = FALSE,
  unique = FALSE,
  named = FALSE,
  call = parent.frame(),
  msg = NULL
)
```

Arguments

x	Variable to check.
choices	Options that x is allowed to be.
length	Required length. If NULL length is not checked.
na	Whether it can contain NA values.
null	Whether it can be NULL.
unique	Whether it has to contain unique elements.
named	Whether it has to be named.
call	Call argument that will be passed to cli error message.
msg	Custom error message.

assertClass	<i>Assert that an object has a certain class.</i>
-------------	---

Description

Assert that an object has a certain class.

Usage

```
assertClass(  
    x,  
    class,  
    length = NULL,  
    null = FALSE,  
    all = FALSE,  
    extra = TRUE,  
    call = parent.frame(),  
    msg = NULL  
)
```

Arguments

x	To check.
class	Expected class or classes.
length	Required length. If NULL length is not checked.
null	Whether it can be NULL.
all	Whether it should have all the classes or only at least one of them.
extra	Whether the object can have extra classes.
call	Call argument that will be passed to cli.
msg	Custom error message.

assertDate	<i>Assert Date</i>
------------	--------------------

Description

Assert Date

Usage

```
assertDate(
  x,
  length = NULL,
  na = FALSE,
  null = FALSE,
  unique = FALSE,
  named = FALSE,
  call = parent.frame(),
  msg = NULL
)
```

Arguments

x	Expression to check.
length	Required length.
na	Whether it can contain NA values.
null	Whether it can be NULL.
unique	Whether it has to contain unique elements.
named	Whether it has to be named.
call	Call argument that will be passed to cli error message.
msg	Custom error message.

Value

x

assertList	<i>Assert that an object is a list.</i>
------------	---

Description

Assert that an object is a list.

Usage

```
assertList(
  x,
  length = NULL,
  na = FALSE,
  null = FALSE,
  unique = FALSE,
  named = FALSE,
  class = NULL,
  call = parent.frame(),
  msg = NULL
)
```

Arguments

x	Variable to check.
length	Required length. If NULL length is not checked.
na	Whether it can contain NA values.
null	Whether it can be NULL.
unique	Whether it has to contain unique elements.
named	Whether it has to be named.
class	Class that the elements must have.
call	Call argument that will be passed to cli error message.
msg	Custom error message.

assertLogical	<i>Assert that an object is a logical.</i>
---------------	--

Description

Assert that an object is a logical.

Usage

```
assertLogical(  
  x,  
  length = NULL,  
  na = FALSE,  
  null = FALSE,  
  unique = FALSE,  
  named = FALSE,  
  call = parent.frame(),  
  msg = NULL  
)
```

Arguments

x	Variable to check.
length	Required length. If NULL length is not checked.
na	Whether it can contain NA values.
null	Whether it can be NULL.
unique	Whether it has to contain unique elements.
named	Whether it has to be named.
call	Call argument that will be passed to cli error message.
msg	Custom error message.

assertNumeric	<i>Assert that an object is a numeric.</i>
---------------	--

Description

Assert that an object is a numeric.

Usage

```
assertNumeric(  
  x,  
  integerish = FALSE,  
  min = -Inf,  
  max = Inf,  
  length = NULL,  
  na = FALSE,  
  null = FALSE,  
  unique = FALSE,  
  named = FALSE,  
  call = parent.frame(),  
  msg = NULL  
)
```

Arguments

x	Variable to check.
integerish	Whether it has to be an integer
min	Minimum value that the object can be.
max	Maximum value that the object can be.
length	Required length. If NULL length is not checked.
na	Whether it can contain NA values.
null	Whether it can be NULL.
unique	Whether it has to contain unique elements.
named	Whether it has to be named.
call	Call argument that will be passed to cli error message.
msg	Custom error message.

assertTable	<i>Assert that an object is a table.</i>
-------------	--

Description

Assert that an object is a table.

Usage

```
assertTable(  
  x,  
  class = NULL,  
  numberColumns = NULL,  
  numberRows = NULL,  
  columns = character(),  
  allowExtraColumns = TRUE,  
  null = FALSE,  
  unique = FALSE,  
  call = parent.frame(),  
  msg = NULL  
)
```

Arguments

x	Variable to check.
class	A class that the table must have: "tbl", "data.frame", "tbl_sql", ...
numberColumns	Number of columns that it has to contain.
numberRows	Number of rows that it has to contain.
columns	Name of the columns required.
allowExtraColumns	Whether extra columns are allowed.
null	Whether it can be NULL.
unique	Whether it has to contain unique rows.
call	Call argument that will be passed to cli error message.
msg	Custom error message.

assertTrue	<i>Assert that an expression is TRUE.</i>
------------	---

Description

Assert that an expression is TRUE.

Usage

```
assertTrue(x, null = FALSE, call = parent.frame(), msg = NULL)
```

Arguments

x	Expression to check.
null	Whether it can be NULL.
call	Call argument that will be passed to cli error message.
msg	Custom error message.

attrition	<i>Get attrition from an object.</i>
-----------	--------------------------------------

Description

Get attrition from an object.

Usage

```
attrition(x)
```

Arguments

x	An object for which to get an attrition summary.
---	--

Value

A table with the attrition.

`attrition.cohort_table`*Get cohort attrition from a cohort_table object.*

Description

Get cohort attrition from a cohort_table object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cohort_table'  
attrition(x)
```

Arguments

x A cohort_table

Value

A table with the attrition.

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)  
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)  
  
person <- tibble(  
  person_id = 1, gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,  
  race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0  
)  
observation_period <- tibble(  
  observation_period_id = 1, person_id = 1,  
  observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),  
  observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),  
  period_type_concept_id = 0  
)  
cohort <- tibble(  
  cohort_definition_id = c(1, 1, 1, 2),  
  subject_id = 1,  
  cohort_start_date = as.Date(c("2020-01-01", "2021-01-01", "2022-01-01", "2022-01-01")),  
  cohort_end_date = as.Date(c("2020-01-01", "2021-01-01", "2022-01-01", "2022-01-01")),  
)  
cdm <- cdmFromTables(  
  tables = list("person" = person, "observation_period" = observation_period),  
  cdmName = "my_example_cdm",  
  cohortTables = list("cohort1" = cohort)  
)  
  
attrition(cdm$cohort1)
```

bind	<i>Bind two or more objects of the same class.</i>
------	--

Description

Bind two or more objects of the same class.

Usage

```
bind(...)
```

Arguments

... Objects to bind.

Value

New object.

bind.cohort_table	<i>Bind two or more cohort tables</i>
-------------------	---------------------------------------

Description

Bind two or more cohort tables

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cohort_table'  
bind(..., name)
```

Arguments

... Generated cohort set objects to bind. At least two must be provided.
name Name of the new generated cohort set.

Value

The cdm object with a new generated cohort set containing all of the cohorts passed.

Examples

```

library(omopgenerics)
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)

cohort1 <- tibble(
  cohort_definition_id = 1,
  subject_id = 1:3,
  cohort_start_date = as.Date("2010-01-01"),
  cohort_end_date = as.Date("2010-01-05")
)
cohort2 <- tibble(
  cohort_definition_id = c(2, 2, 3, 3, 3),
  subject_id = c(1, 2, 3, 1, 2),
  cohort_start_date = as.Date("2010-01-01"),
  cohort_end_date = as.Date("2010-01-05")
)
cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list(
    "person" = tibble(
      person_id = c(1, 2, 3), gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
      race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
    ),
    "observation_period" = tibble(
      observation_period_id = 1:3, person_id = 1:3,
      observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
      observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
      period_type_concept_id = 0
    )
  ),
  cdmName = "mock",
  cohortTables = list("cohort1" = cohort1, "cohort2" = cohort2)
)

cdm <- bind(cdm$cohort1, cdm$cohort2, name = "cohort3")
settings(cdm$cohort3)
cdm$cohort3

```

```
bind.summarised_result
```

Bind two or summarised_result objects

Description

Bind two or summarised_result objects

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'summarised_result'
bind(...)
```

Arguments

... summarised_result objects

Value

A summarised_result object the merged objects.

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)

cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list(
    "person" = tibble(
      person_id = c(1, 2, 3), gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
      race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
    ),
    "observation_period" = tibble(
      observation_period_id = 1:3, person_id = 1:3,
      observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
      observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
      period_type_concept_id = 0
    )
  ),
  cdmName = "mock",
  cohortTables = list("cohort1" = tibble(
    cohort_definition_id = 1,
    subject_id = 1:3,
    cohort_start_date = as.Date("2010-01-01"),
    cohort_end_date = as.Date("2010-01-05")
  ))
)

result1 <- summary(cdm)
result2 <- summary(cdm$cohort1)

mergedResult <- bind(result1, result2)
mergedResult
```

cdmClasses

Separate the cdm tables in classes

Description

Separate the cdm tables in classes

Usage

```
cdmClasses(cdm)
```

Arguments

cdm A cdm_reference object.

Value

A list of table names, the name of the list indicates the class.

cdmDisconnect	<i>Disconnect from a cdm object.</i>
---------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Disconnect from a cdm object.

Usage

```
cdmDisconnect(cdm, ...)
```

Arguments

cdm A cdm reference or the source of a cdm reference.
 ... Used for consistency.

Value

TRUE if process was successful. `library(omopgenerics) library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)`

```
person <- tibble( person_id = 1, gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990, race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0 )
observation_period <- tibble( observation_period_id = 1, person_id = 1, observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"), observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"), period_type_concept_id = 0 )
cdm <- cdmFromTables( tables = list("person" = person, "observation_period" = observation_period), cdmName = "mock" )
```

```
cdmDisconnect(cdm)
```

cdmFromTables	<i>Create a cdm object from local tables</i>
---------------	--

Description

Create a cdm object from local tables

Usage

```
cdmFromTables(tables, cdmName, cohortTables = list(), cdmVersion = NULL)
```

Arguments

tables	List of tables to be part of the cdm object.
cdmName	Name of the cdm object.
cohortTables	List of tables that contains cohort, cohort_set and cohort_attrition can be provided as attributes.
cdmVersion	Version of the cdm_reference

Value

A cdm_reference object.

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)

person <- tibble(
  person_id = 1, gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
  race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
)
observation_period <- tibble(
  observation_period_id = 1, person_id = 1,
  observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
  observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
  period_type_concept_id = 0
)
cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list("person" = person, "observation_period" = observation_period),
  cdmName = "test"
)
```

cdmName	<i>Get the name of a cdm_reference associated object</i>
---------	--

Description

Get the name of a cdm_reference associated object

Usage

```
cdmName(x)
```

Arguments

x A cdm_reference or cdm_table object.

Value

Name of the cdm_reference.

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)

cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list(
    "person" = tibble(
      person_id = c(1, 2, 3), gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
      race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
    ),
    "observation_period" = tibble(
      observation_period_id = 1:3, person_id = 1:3,
      observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
      observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
      period_type_concept_id = 0
    )
  ),
  cdmName = "mock"
)

cdmName(cdm)

cdmName(cdm$person)
```

cdmReference	<i>Get the cdm_reference of a cdm_table.</i>
--------------	--

Description

Get the cdm_reference of a cdm_table.

Usage

```
cdmReference(table)
```

Arguments

table A cdm_table.

Value

A cdm_reference.

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)

cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list(
    "person" = tibble(
      person_id = c(1, 2, 3), gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
      race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
    ),
    "observation_period" = tibble(
      observation_period_id = 1:3, person_id = 1:3,
      observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
      observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
      period_type_concept_id = 0
    )
  ),
  cdmName = "mock"
)

cdmReference(cdm$person)
```

cdmSelect	<i>Restrict the cdm object to a subset of tables.</i>
-----------	---

Description

Restrict the cdm object to a subset of tables.

Usage

```
cdmSelect(cdm, ...)
```

Arguments

cdm	A cdm_reference object.
...	Selection of tables to use, it supports tidymodel expressions.

Value

A cdm_reference with only the specified tables.

Examples

```
cdm <- emptyCdmReference("my cdm")
cdm

cdm |>
  cdmSelect("person")
```

cdmSource	<i>Get the cdmSource of an object.</i>
-----------	--

Description

Get the cdmSource of an object.

Usage

```
cdmSource(x, cdm = lifecycle::deprecated())
```

Arguments

x	Object to obtain the cdmSource.
cdm	Deprecated, use x please.

Value

A cdm_source object.

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)

cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list(
    "person" = tibble(
      person_id = c(1, 2, 3), gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
      race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
    ),
    "observation_period" = tibble(
      observation_period_id = 1:3, person_id = 1:3,
      observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
      observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
      period_type_concept_id = 0
    )
  ),
  cdmName = "mock"
)

cdmSource(cdm)
cdmSource(cdm$person)
```

cdmSourceType

Get the source type of a cdm_reference object.

Description

[Deprecated]

Usage

```
cdmSourceType(cdm)
```

Arguments

cdm A cdm_reference object.

Value

A character vector with the type of source of the cdm_reference object.

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)

cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list(
    "person" = tibble(
      person_id = c(1, 2, 3), gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
      race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
    ),
    "observation_period" = tibble(
      observation_period_id = 1:3, person_id = 1:3,
      observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
      observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
      period_type_concept_id = 0
    )
  ),
  cdmName = "mock"
)

cdmSourceType(cdm)
```

cdmTableFromSource	<i>This is an internal developer focused function that creates a cdm_table from a table that shares the source but it is not a cdm_table. Please use insertTable if you want to insert a table to a cdm_reference object.</i>
--------------------	---

Description

This is an internal developer focused function that creates a cdm_table from a table that shares the source but it is not a cdm_table. Please use insertTable if you want to insert a table to a cdm_reference object.

Usage

```
cdmTableFromSource(src, value)
```

Arguments

src	A cdm_source object.
value	A table that shares source with the cdm_reference object.

Value

A cdm_table.

cdmVersion	<i>Get the version of an object.</i>
------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Get the version of an object.

Usage

```
cdmVersion(x)
```

Arguments

x Object to know the cdm version of an object.

Value

A character vector indicating the cdm version.

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)

cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list(
    "person" = tibble(
      person_id = c(1, 2, 3), gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
      race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
    ),
    "observation_period" = tibble(
      observation_period_id = 1:3, person_id = 1:3,
      observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
      observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
      period_type_concept_id = 0
    )
  ),
  cdmName = "mock"
)

cdmVersion(cdm)
cdmVersion(cdm$person)
```

`checkCohortRequirements`*Check whether a cohort table satisfies requirements*

Description**[Deprecated]****Usage**

```
checkCohortRequirements(  
  cohort,  
  checkEndAfterStart = TRUE,  
  checkOverlappingEntries = TRUE,  
  checkMissingValues = TRUE,  
  checkInObservation = TRUE,  
  type = "error",  
  call = parent.frame()  
)
```

Arguments

<code>cohort</code>	cohort_table object.
<code>checkEndAfterStart</code>	If TRUE a check that all cohort end dates come on or after cohort start date will be performed.
<code>checkOverlappingEntries</code>	If TRUE a check that no individuals have overlapping cohort entries will be performed.
<code>checkMissingValues</code>	If TRUE a check that there are no missing values in required fields will be performed.
<code>checkInObservation</code>	If TRUE a check that cohort entries are within the individuals observation periods will be performed.
<code>type</code>	Can be either "error" or "warning". If "error" any check failure will result in an error, whereas if "warning" any check failure will result in a warning.
<code>call</code>	The call for which to return the error message.

Value

An error will be returned if any of the selected checks fail.

cohortCodelist	<i>Get codelist from a cohort_table object.</i>
----------------	---

Description

Get codelist from a cohort_table object.

Usage

```
cohortCodelist(
  cohort,
  cohortId = NULL,
  codelistType = c("index event", "inclusion criteria", "exit criteria"),
  type = lifecycle::deprecated(),
  cohortTable = lifecycle::deprecated()
)
```

Arguments

cohort	A cohort_table object.
cohortId	A particular cohort definition id that is present in the cohort table. If NULL the codelists of all cohorts will be retrieved.
codelistType	The reason for the codelist. Can be "index event", "inclusion criteria", or "exit criteria".
type	deprecated.
cohortTable	deprecated.

Value

A table with the codelists used.

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)

person <- tibble(
  person_id = 1, gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
  race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
)
observation_period <- tibble(
  observation_period_id = 1, person_id = 1,
  observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
  observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
  period_type_concept_id = 0
)
cohort <- tibble(
```

```

cohort_definition_id = c(1, 1, 1, 2),
subject_id = 1,
cohort_start_date = as.Date(c(
  "2020-01-01", "2021-01-01", "2022-01-01", "2022-01-01"
)),
cohort_end_date = as.Date(c(
  "2020-01-01", "2021-01-01", "2022-01-01", "2022-01-01"
))
)
)
cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list("person" = person, "observation_period" = observation_period),
  cdmName = "my_example_cdm",
  cohortTables = list("cohort1" = cohort)
)
cdm$cohort1 <- newCohortTable(table = cdm$cohort1,
  cohortCodelistRef = dplyr::tibble(
    cohort_definition_id = c(1,1,1,2,2),
    codelist_name =c("disease X", "disease X", "disease X",
                    "disease Y", "disease Y"),
    concept_id = c(1,2,3,4,5),
    codelist_type = "index event"
  ))
cohortCodelist(cdm$cohort1, cohortId = 1, codelistType = "index event")

```

cohortColumns

Required columns for a generated cohort set.

Description

Required columns for a generated cohort set.

Usage

```
cohortColumns(table, version = "5.3")
```

Arguments

table	Either cohort, cohort_set or cohort_attrition
version	Version of the OMOP Common Data Model.

Value

Character vector with the column names

Required columns

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
cohortColumns("cohort")
```

cohortCount	<i>Get cohort counts from a cohort_table object.</i>
-------------	--

Description

Get cohort counts from a cohort_table object.

Usage

```
cohortCount(cohort)
```

Arguments

cohort A cohort_table object.

Value

A table with the counts.

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)

person <- tibble(
  person_id = 1, gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
  race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
)
observation_period <- tibble(
  observation_period_id = 1, person_id = 1,
  observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
  observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
  period_type_concept_id = 0
)
cohort <- tibble(
  cohort_definition_id = c(1, 1, 1, 2),
  subject_id = 1,
  cohort_start_date = as.Date(c(
    "2020-01-01", "2021-01-01", "2022-01-01", "2022-01-01"
  )),
  cohort_end_date = as.Date(c(
    "2020-01-01", "2021-01-01", "2022-01-01", "2022-01-01"
  )),
)
```

```

cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list("person" = person, "observation_period" = observation_period),
  cdmName = "my_example_cdm",
  cohortTables = list("cohort1" = cohort)
)

cohortCount(cdm$cohort1)

```

cohortTables	<i>Cohort tables that a cdm reference can contain in the OMOP Common Data Model.</i>
--------------	--

Description

Cohort tables that a cdm reference can contain in the OMOP Common Data Model.

Usage

```
cohortTables(version = "5.3")
```

Arguments

version Version of the OMOP Common Data Model.

Value

cohort tables

Examples

```

library(omopgenerics)
cohortTables()

```

collect.cdm_reference	<i>Retrieves the cdm reference into a local cdm.</i>
-----------------------	--

Description

Retrieves the cdm reference into a local cdm.

Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'cdm_reference'
collect(x, ...)

```

Arguments

x A cdm_reference object.
... For compatibility only, not used.

Value

A local cdm_reference.

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)

cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list(
    "person" = dplyr::tibble(
      person_id = c(1, 2, 3), gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
      race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
    ),
    "observation_period" = dplyr::tibble(
      observation_period_id = 1:3, person_id = 1:3,
      observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
      observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
      period_type_concept_id = 0
    )
  ),
  cdmName = "mock"
)

collect(cdm)
```

collect.cohort_table *To collect a cohort_table object.*

Description

To collect a cohort_table object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cohort_table'
collect(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x cohort_table object.
... Not used (for compatibility).

Value

A data frame with the cohort_table

combineStrata	<i>Provide all combinations of strata levels.</i>
---------------	---

Description

Provide all combinations of strata levels.

Usage

```
combineStrata(levels, overall = FALSE)
```

Arguments

levels	Vector of all strata levels to combine.
overall	Whether to provide an empty element character().

Value

A vector of all combinations of strata.

Examples

```
combineStrata(character())
combineStrata(character(), overall = TRUE)
combineStrata(c("age", "sex"), overall = TRUE)
combineStrata(c("age", "sex", "year"))
```

compute.cdm_table	<i>Store results in a table.</i>
-------------------	----------------------------------

Description

Store results in a table.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cdm_table'
compute(
  x,
  name = NULL,
  temporary = NULL,
  overwrite = TRUE,
  logPrefix = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

x	Table in the cdm.
name	Name to store the table with.
temporary	Whether to store table temporarily (TRUE) or permanently (FALSE).
overwrite	Whether to overwrite previously existing table with name same.
logPrefix	Prefix to use when saving a log file.
...	For compatibility (not used).

Value

Reference to a table in the cdm

createIndexes	<i>Create the missing indexes</i>
---------------	-----------------------------------

Description

[Experimental]

Usage

```
createIndexes(cdm, name = NULL)
```

Arguments

cdm	A cdm_reference object.
name	Name(s) of the cdm tables.

Value

Whether the process was completed successfully.

createLogFile *Create a log file*

Description

Create a log file

Usage

```
createLogFile(logFile = here::here("log_{date}_{time}"))
```

Arguments

logFile File path to write logging messages. You can use '{date}' and '{time}' to add the date and time in the log file name.

Value

Invisible TRUE if logger was created correctly.

Examples

```
library(dplyr)

logFile <- tempfile(pattern = "log_{date}_{time}", fileext = ".txt")
createLogFile(logFile = logFile)

logMessage("Starting analysis")
1 + 1
logMessage("Analysis finished")

res <- summariseLogFile()

glimpse(res)

tidy(res)
```

createTableIndex *Create a table index*

Description

[Experimental]

Usage

```
createTableIndex(table, index)
```

Arguments

table	A cdm_table object.
index	Index to be created.

Value

Whether the index could be created

dropSourceTable	<i>Drop a table from a cdm object.</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Drop a table from a cdm object.

Usage

```
dropSourceTable(cdm, name)
```

Arguments

cdm	A cdm reference.
name	Name(s) of the table(s) to insert. Tidymodel statements are supported.

Value

The table in the cdm reference.

dropTable	<i>Drop a table from a cdm object. [Deprecated]</i>
-----------	---

Description

Drop a table from a cdm object. **[Deprecated]**

Usage

```
dropTable(cdm, name)
```

Arguments

cdm	A cdm reference.
name	Name(s) of the table(s) to drop Tidymodel statements are supported.

Value

The cdm reference.

emptyAchillesTable *Create an empty achilles table*

Description

Create an empty achilles table

Usage

```
emptyAchillesTable(cdm, name)
```

Arguments

cdm	A cdm_reference to create the table.
name	Name of the table to create.

Value

The cdm_reference with an achilles empty table

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
cdm <- emptyCdmReference("my_example_cdm")
emptyAchillesTable(cdm = cdm, name = "achilles_results")
```

emptyCdmReference *Create an empty cdm_reference*

Description

Create an empty cdm_reference

Usage

```
emptyCdmReference(cdmName, cdmVersion = NULL)
```

Arguments

cdmName	Name of the cdm_reference
cdmVersion	Version of the cdm_reference

Value

An empty cdm_reference

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)  
emptyCdmReference(cdmName = "my_example_cdm")
```

emptyCodelist *Empty codelist object.*

Description

Empty codelist object.

Usage

```
emptyCodelist()
```

Value

An empty codelist object.

Examples

```
emptyCodelist()
```

emptyCodelistWithDetails
 Empty codelist object.

Description

Empty codelist object.

Usage

```
emptyCodelistWithDetails()
```

Value

An empty codelist object.

Examples

```
emptyCodelistWithDetails()
```

emptyCohortTable	<i>Create an empty cohort_table object</i>
------------------	--

Description

Create an empty cohort_table object

Usage

```
emptyCohortTable(cdm, name, overwrite = TRUE)
```

Arguments

cdm	A cdm_reference to create the table.
name	Name of the table to create.
overwrite	Whether to overwrite an existent table.

Value

The cdm_reference with an empty cohort table

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)

person <- tibble(
  person_id = 1, gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
  race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
)
observation_period <- tibble(
  observation_period_id = 1, person_id = 1,
  observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
  observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
  period_type_concept_id = 0
)
cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list("person" = person, "observation_period" = observation_period),
  cdmName = "test"
)

cdm <- emptyCohortTable(cdm, "my_empty_cohort")

cdm
cdm$my_empty_cohort
settings(cdm$my_empty_cohort)
attrition(cdm$my_empty_cohort)
cohortCount(cdm$my_empty_cohort)
```

emptyConceptSetExpression

Empty concept_set_expression object.

Description

Empty concept_set_expression object.

Usage

emptyConceptSetExpression()

Value

An empty concept_set_expression object.

Examples

emptyConceptSetExpression()

emptyOmopTable *Create an empty omop table*

Description

Create an empty omop table

Usage

emptyOmopTable(cdm, name)

Arguments

cdm A cdm_reference to create the table.

name Name of the table to create.

Value

The cdm_reference with an empty cohort table

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)

person <- dplyr::tibble(
  person_id = 1, gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
  race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
)
observation_period <- dplyr::tibble(
  observation_period_id = 1, person_id = 1,
  observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
  observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
  period_type_concept_id = 0
)
cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list("person" = person, "observation_period" = observation_period),
  cdmName = "test"
)

cdm <- emptyOmopTable(cdm, "drug_exposure")

cdm$drug_exposure
```

emptySummarisedResult *Empty summarised_result object.*

Description

Empty summarised_result object.

Usage

```
emptySummarisedResult(settings = NULL)
```

Arguments

settings Tibble/data.frame with the settings of the empty summarised_result. It has to contain at least result_id column.

Value

An empty summarised_result object.

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)

emptySummarisedResult()
```

estimateTypeChoices *Choices that can be present in estimate_type column.*

Description

Choices that can be present in estimate_type column.

Usage

```
estimateTypeChoices()
```

Value

A character vector with the options that can be present in estimate_type column in the summarised_result objects.

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
estimateTypeChoices()
```

existingIndexes *Existing indexes in a cdm object*

Description

[Experimental]

Usage

```
existingIndexes(cdm, name)
```

Arguments

cdm	A cdm_reference object.
name	Name(s) of the cdm tables.

Value

A tibble with 3 columns: table_class class of the table, table_name name of the table, and existing_index index definition.

expectedIndexes	<i>Expected indexes in a cdm object</i>
-----------------	---

Description**[Experimental]****Usage**

```
expectedIndexes(cdm, name)
```

Arguments

cdm	A cdm_reference object.
name	Name(s) of the cdm tables.

Value

A tibble with 3 columns: `table_class` class of the table, `table_name` name of the table, and `expected_index` index definition.

exportCodelist	<i>Export a codelist object.</i>
----------------	----------------------------------

Description

Export a codelist object.

Usage

```
exportCodelist(x, path, type = "json")
```

Arguments

x	A codelist
path	Path to where files will be created.
type	Type of files to export. Currently 'json' and 'csv' are supported.

Value

Files with codelists

`exportConceptSetExpression`*Export a concept set expression.*

Description

Export a concept set expression.

Usage

```
exportConceptSetExpression(x, path, type = "json")
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	A concept set expression
<code>path</code>	Path to where files will be created.
<code>type</code>	Type of files to export. Currently 'json' and 'csv' are supported.

Value

Files with concept set expressions

`exportSummarisedResult`*Export a summarised_result object to a csv file.*

Description

Export a summarised_result object to a csv file.

Usage

```
exportSummarisedResult(  
  ...,  
  minCellCount = 5,  
  fileName = "results_{cdm_name}_{date}.csv",  
  path = getwd(),  
  logFile = getOption("omopgenerics.logFile"),  
  logSqlPath = getOption("omopgenerics.log_sql_path"),  
  logExplainPath = lifecycle::deprecated()  
)
```

Arguments

...	A set of summarised_result objects.
minCellCount	Minimum count for suppression purposes.
fileName	Name of the file that will be created. Use {cdm_name} to refer to the cdmName of the objects and {date} to add the export date.
path	Path where to create the csv file. It is ignored if fileName it is a full name with path included.
logFile	Path to the log file to export.
logSqlPath	Path to the folder that contains the sql logs to export.
logExplainPath	deprecated.

filterAdditional	<i>Filter the additional_name-additional_level pair in a summarised_result</i>
------------------	--

Description

Filter the additional_name-additional_level pair in a summarised_result

Usage

```
filterAdditional(result, ...)
```

Arguments

result	A <summarised_result> object.
...	Expressions that return a logical value (additionalColumns() are used to evaluate the expression), and are defined in terms of the variables in .data. If multiple expressions are included, they are combined with the & operator. Only rows for which all conditions evaluate to TRUE are kept.

Value

A <summarised_result> object with only the rows that fulfill the required specified additional.

Examples

```
library(dplyr)
library(omopgenerics)

x <- tibble(
  "result_id" = 1L,
  "cdm_name" = "eunomia",
  "group_name" = "cohort_name",
  "group_level" = c("cohort1", "cohort2", "cohort3"),
  "strata_name" = "sex",
```

```

    "strata_level" = "Female",
    "variable_name" = "number subjects",
    "variable_level" = NA_character_,
    "estimate_name" = "count",
    "estimate_type" = "integer",
    "estimate_value" = c("100", "44", "14"),
    "additional_name" = c("year", "time_step", "year &&& time_step"),
    "additional_level" = c("2010", "4", "2015 &&& 5")
  ) |>
  newSummarisedResult()

x |>
  filterAdditional(year == "2010")

```

 filterGroup

Filter the group_name-group_level pair in a summarised_result

Description

Filter the group_name-group_level pair in a summarised_result

Usage

```
filterGroup(result, ...)
```

Arguments

result	A <summarised_result> object.
...	Expressions that return a logical value (groupColumns() are used to evaluate the expression), and are defined in terms of the variables in .data. If multiple expressions are included, they are combined with the & operator. Only rows for which all conditions evaluate to TRUE are kept.

Value

A <summarised_result> object with only the rows that fulfill the required specified group.

Examples

```

library(dplyr)
library(omopgenerics)

x <- tibble(
  "result_id" = 1L,
  "cdm_name" = "eunomia",
  "group_name" = c("cohort_name", "age_group &&& cohort_name", "age_group"),
  "group_level" = c("my_cohort", ">40 &&& second_cohort", "<40"),
  "strata_name" = "sex",

```

```

    "strata_level" = "Female",
    "variable_name" = "number subjects",
    "variable_level" = NA_character_,
    "estimate_name" = "count",
    "estimate_type" = "integer",
    "estimate_value" = c("100", "44", "14"),
    "additional_name" = "overall",
    "additional_level" = "overall"
  ) |>
  newSummarisedResult()

x |>
  filterGroup(cohort_name == "second_cohort")

```

 filterSettings

Filter a <summarised_result> using the settings

Description

Filter a <summarised_result> using the settings

Usage

```
filterSettings(result, ...)
```

Arguments

result	A <summarised_result> object.
...	Expressions that return a logical value (columns in settings are used to evaluate the expression), and are defined in terms of the variables in .data. If multiple expressions are included, they are combined with the & operator. Only rows for which all conditions evaluate to TRUE are kept.

Value

A <summarised_result> object with only the result_id rows that fulfill the required specified settings.

Examples

```

library(dplyr)
library(omopgenerics)

x <- tibble(
  "result_id" = as.integer(c(1, 2)),
  "cdm_name" = c("cprd", "eunomia"),
  "group_name" = "cohort_name",
  "group_level" = "my_cohort",

```

```

      "strata_name" = "sex",
      "strata_level" = "male",
      "variable_name" = "Age group",
      "variable_level" = "10 to 50",
      "estimate_name" = "count",
      "estimate_type" = "numeric",
      "estimate_value" = "5",
      "additional_name" = "overall",
      "additional_level" = "overall"
    ) |>
    newSummarisedResult(settings = tibble(
      "result_id" = c(1, 2), "custom" = c("A", "B")
    ))

x

x |> filterSettings(custom == "A")

```

filterStrata	<i>Filter the strata_name-strata_level pair in a summarised_result</i>
--------------	--

Description

Filter the strata_name-strata_level pair in a summarised_result

Usage

```
filterStrata(result, ...)
```

Arguments

result	A <summarised_result> object.
...	Expressions that return a logical value (strataColumns() are used to evaluate the expression), and are defined in terms of the variables in .data. If multiple expressions are included, they are combined with the & operator. Only rows for which all conditions evaluate to TRUE are kept.

Value

A <summarised_result> object with only the rows that fulfill the required specified strata.

Examples

```

library(dplyr)
library(omopgenerics)

x <- tibble(
  "result_id" = 1L,

```

```

    "cdm_name" = "eunomia",
    "group_name" = "cohort_name",
    "group_level" = "my_cohort",
    "strata_name" = c("sex", "sex &&& age_group", "sex &&& year"),
    "strata_level" = c("Female", "Male &&& <40", "Female &&& 2010"),
    "variable_name" = "number subjects",
    "variable_level" = NA_character_,
    "estimate_name" = "count",
    "estimate_type" = "integer",
    "estimate_value" = c("100", "44", "14"),
    "additional_name" = "overall",
    "additional_level" = "overall"
) |>
  newSummarisedResult()

x |>
  filterStrata(sex == "Female")

```

getCohortId

Get the cohort definition id of a certain name

Description

Get the cohort definition id of a certain name

Usage

```
getCohortId(cohort, cohortName = NULL)
```

Arguments

cohort	A cohort_table object.
cohortName	Names of the cohort of interest. If NULL all cohort names are shown.

Value

Cohort definition ids

getCohortName	<i>Get the cohort name of a certain cohort definition id</i>
---------------	--

Description

Get the cohort name of a certain cohort definition id

Usage

```
getCohortName(cohort, cohortId = NULL)
```

Arguments

cohort	A cohort_table object.
cohortId	Cohort definition id of interest. If NULL all cohort ids are shown.

Value

Cohort names

getPersonIdentifier	<i>Get the column name with the person identifier from a table (either subject_id or person_id), it will throw an error if it contains both or neither.</i>
---------------------	---

Description

Get the column name with the person identifier from a table (either subject_id or person_id), it will throw an error if it contains both or neither.

Usage

```
getPersonIdentifier(x, call = parent.frame())
```

Arguments

x	A table.
call	A call argument passed to cli functions.

Value

Person identifier column.

groupColumns	<i>Identify variables in group_name column</i>
--------------	--

Description

Identifies and returns the unique values in group_name column.

Usage

```
groupColumns(result)
```

Arguments

result A tibble.

Value

Unique values of the group name column.

Examples

```
{
  library(dplyr)
  library(omopgenerics)

  x <- tibble(
    "result_id" = as.integer(c(1, 2)),
    "cdm_name" = c("cprd", "eunomia"),
    "group_name" = "cohort",
    "group_level" = "my_cohort",
    "strata_name" = "sex",
    "strata_level" = "male",
    "variable_name" = "Age group",
    "variable_level" = "10 to 50",
    "estimate_name" = "count",
    "estimate_type" = "numeric",
    "estimate_value" = "5",
    "additional_name" = "overall",
    "additional_level" = "overall"
  ) |>
  newSummarisedResult(settings = tibble(
    "result_id" = c(1, 2), "custom" = c("A", "B")
  ))

  x

  x |> groupColumns()
}
```

importCodelist	<i>Import a codelist.</i>
----------------	---------------------------

Description

Import a codelist.

Usage

```
importCodelist(path, type = "json")
```

Arguments

path	Path to where files will be created.
type	Type of files to export. Currently 'json' and 'csv' are supported.

Value

A codelist

importConceptSetExpression	<i>Import a concept set expression.</i>
----------------------------	---

Description

Import a concept set expression.

Usage

```
importConceptSetExpression(path, type = "json")
```

Arguments

path	Path to where files will be created.
type	Type of files to export. Currently 'json' and 'csv' are supported.

Value

A concept set expression

```
importSummarisedResult
```

Import a set of summarised results.

Description

Import a set of summarised results.

Usage

```
importSummarisedResult(path, recursive = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

path	Path to directory with CSV files containing summarised results or to a specific CSV file with a summarised result.
recursive	If TRUE and path is a directory, search for files will recurse into directories
...	Passed to readr::read_csv.

Value

A summarised result

```
insertCdmTo
```

Insert a cdm_reference object to a different source.

Description

Insert a cdm_reference object to a different source.

Usage

```
insertCdmTo(cdm, to)
```

Arguments

cdm	A cdm_reference, if not local it will be collected into memory.
to	A cdm_source or another cdm_reference, with a valid cdm_source.

Value

The first cdm_reference object inserted to the source.

insertFromSource	<i>Convert a table that is not a cdm_table but have the same original source to a cdm_table. This Table is not meant to be used to insert tables in the cdm, please use insertTable instead.</i>
------------------	--

Description**[Deprecated]****Usage**

```
insertFromSource(cdm, value)
```

Arguments

cdm	A cdm_reference object.
value	A table that shares source with the cdm_reference object.

Value

A table in the cdm_reference environment

insertTable	<i>Insert a table to a cdm object.</i>
-------------	--

Description

Insert a table to a cdm object.

Usage

```
insertTable(cdm, name, table, overwrite = TRUE, temporary = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

cdm	A cdm reference or the source of a cdm reference.
name	Name of the table to insert.
table	Table to insert to the cdm.
overwrite	Whether to overwrite an existent table.
temporary	Whether to create a temporary table.
...	For compatibility.

Value

```
The cdm reference. library(omopgenerics) library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)
person <- tibble( person_id = 1, gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990, race_concept_id
= 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0 ) observation_period <- tibble( observation_period_id = 1, per-
son_id = 1, observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"), observation_period_end_date
= as.Date("2023-12-31"), period_type_concept_id = 0 ) cdm <- cdmFromTables( tables = list("person"
= person, "observation_period" = observation_period), cdmName = "my_example_cdm" )
x <- tibble(a = 1)
cdm <- insertTable(cdm = cdm, name = "new_table", table = x)
cdm$new_table
```

isResultSuppressed	<i>To check whether an object is already suppressed to a certain min cell count.</i>
--------------------	--

Description

To check whether an object is already suppressed to a certain min cell count.

Usage

```
isResultSuppressed(result, minCellCount = 5)
```

Arguments

result	The suppressed result to check
minCellCount	Minimum count of records used when suppressing

Value

Warning or message with check result

Examples

```
x <- dplyr::tibble(
  "result_id" = 1L,
  "cdm_name" = "eunomia",
  "group_name" = "cohort_name",
  "group_level" = "my_cohort",
  "strata_name" = c("sex", "sex &&& age_group", "sex &&& year"),
  "strata_level" = c("Female", "Male &&& <40", "Female &&& 2010"),
  "variable_name" = "number subjects",
  "variable_level" = NA_character_,
  "estimate_name" = "count",
  "estimate_type" = "integer",
  "estimate_value" = c("100", "44", "14"),
  "additional_name" = "overall",
```

```

    "additional_level" = "overall"
  ) |>
    newSummarisedResult()

isResultSuppressed(x)

```

isTableEmpty	<i>Check if a table is empty or not</i>
--------------	---

Description

Check if a table is empty or not

Usage

```
isTableEmpty(table)
```

Arguments

table a table

Value

Boolean to indicate if a cdm_table is empty (TRUE or FALSE).

listSourceTables	<i>List tables that can be accessed though a cdm object.</i>
------------------	--

Description

List tables that can be accessed though a cdm object.

Usage

```
listSourceTables(cdm)
```

Arguments

cdm A cdm reference or the source of a cdm reference.

Value

A character vector with the names of tables.

logMessage	<i>Log a message to a logFile</i>
------------	-----------------------------------

Description

The message is written to the logFile and displayed in the console, if logFile does not exist the message is only displayed in the console.

Usage

```
logMessage(  
  message = "Start logging file",  
  logFile = getOption("omopgenerics.logFile")  
)
```

Arguments

message	Message to log.
logFile	File path to write logging messages. Create a logFile with createLogFile().

Value

Invisible TRUE if the logging message is written to a log file.

Examples

```
library(dplyr)  
  
logFile <- tempfile(pattern = "log_{date}_{time}", fileext = ".txt")  
createLogFile(logFile = logFile)  
  
logMessage("Starting analysis")  
1 + 1  
logMessage("Analysis finished")  
  
res <- summariseLogFile()  
  
glimpse(res)  
  
tidy(res)
```

newAchillesTable	<i>Create an achilles table from a cdm_table.</i>
------------------	---

Description

Create an achilles table from a cdm_table.

Usage

```
newAchillesTable(table, version = "5.3", cast = FALSE)
```

Arguments

table	A cdm_table.
version	version of the cdm.
cast	Whether to cast columns to the correct type.

Value

An achilles_table object

newCdmReference	<i>cdm_reference objects constructor</i>
-----------------	--

Description

cdm_reference objects constructor

Usage

```
newCdmReference(tables, cdmName, cdmVersion = NULL, .softValidation = FALSE)
```

Arguments

tables	List of tables that are part of the OMOP Common Data Model reference.
cdmName	Name of the cdm object.
cdmVersion	Version of the cdm. Supported versions 5.3 and 5.4.
.softValidation	Whether to perform a soft validation of consistency. If set to FALSE, non overlapping observation periods are ensured.

Value

A cdm_reference object.

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)

cdmTables <- list(
  "person" = tibble(
    person_id = 1, gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
    race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
  ) |>
  newCdmTable(newLocalSource(), "person"),
  "observation_period" = tibble(
    observation_period_id = 1, person_id = 1,
    observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
    observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
    period_type_concept_id = 0
  ) |>
  newCdmTable(newLocalSource(), "observation_period")
)
cdm <- newCdmReference(tables = cdmTables, cdmName = "mock")

cdm
```

newCdmSource

Create a cdm source object.

Description

Create a cdm source object.

Usage

```
newCdmSource(src, sourceType)
```

Arguments

src Source to a cdm object.
sourceType Type of the source object.

Value

A validated cdm source object.

newCdmTable	<i>Create an cdm table.</i>
-------------	-----------------------------

Description

Create an cdm table.

Usage

```
newCdmTable(table, src, name)
```

Arguments

table	A table that is part of a cdm.
src	The source of the table.
name	The name of the table.

Value

A cdm_table object

newCodelist	<i>'codelist' object constructor</i>
-------------	--------------------------------------

Description

'codelist' object constructor

Usage

```
newCodelist(x)
```

Arguments

x	A named list where each element contains a vector of concept IDs.
---	---

Value

A codelist object.

```
newCodelistWithDetails
      'codelist' object constructor
```

Description

'codelist' object constructor

Usage

```
newCodelistWithDetails(x)
```

Arguments

x A named list where each element contains a tibble with the column `concept_id`

Value

A codelist object.

```
newCohortTable            cohort_table objects constructor.
```

Description

`cohort_table` objects constructor.

Usage

```
newCohortTable(
  table,
  cohortSetRef = attr(table, "cohort_set"),
  cohortAttritionRef = attr(table, "cohort_attrition"),
  cohortCodelistRef = attr(table, "cohort_codelist"),
  .softValidation = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

table `cdm_table` object with at least: `cohort_definition_id`, `subject_id`, `cohort_start_date`, `cohort_end_date`.

cohortSetRef Table with at least: `cohort_definition_id`, `cohort_name`

cohortAttritionRef Table with at least: `cohort_definition_id`, `number_subjects`, `number_records`, `reason_id`, `reason`, `excluded_subjects`, `excluded_records`.

cohortCodelistRef
 Table with at least: cohort_definition_id, codelist_name, concept_id and codelist_type.

.softValidation
 Whether to perform a soft validation of consistency. If set to FALSE four additional checks will be performed: 1) a check that cohort end date is not before cohort start date, 2) a check that there are no missing values in required columns, 3) a check that cohort duration is all within observation period, and 4) that there are no overlapping cohort entries

Value

A cohort_table object

Examples

```
person <- dplyr::tibble(
  person_id = 1, gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
  race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
)
observation_period <- dplyr::tibble(
  observation_period_id = 1, person_id = 1,
  observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
  observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
  period_type_concept_id = 0
)
cohort1 <- dplyr::tibble(
  cohort_definition_id = 1, subject_id = 1,
  cohort_start_date = as.Date("2020-01-01"),
  cohort_end_date = as.Date("2020-01-10")
)
cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list(
    "person" = person,
    "observation_period" = observation_period,
    "cohort1" = cohort1
  ),
  cdmName = "test"
)
cdm
cdm$cohort1 <- newCohortTable(table = cdm$cohort1)
cdm
settings(cdm$cohort1)
attrition(cdm$cohort1)
cohortCount(cdm$cohort1)
```

newConceptSetExpression

'concept_set_expression' object constructor

Description

'concept_set_expression' object constructor

Usage

```
newConceptSetExpression(x)
```

Arguments

x a named list of tibbles, each of which containing concept set definitions

Value

A concept_set_expression

newLocalSource	<i>A new local source for the cdm</i>
----------------	---------------------------------------

Description

A new local source for the cdm

Usage

```
newLocalSource()
```

Value

A list in the format of a cdm source

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
newLocalSource()
```

newOmopTable	<i>Create an omop table from a cdm table.</i>
--------------	---

Description

Create an omop table from a cdm table.

Usage

```
newOmopTable(table, version = "5.3", cast = FALSE)
```

Arguments

table	A cdm_table.
version	version of the cdm.
cast	Whether to cast columns to the correct type.

Value

An omop_table object

newSummarisedResult	<i>'summarised_results' object constructor</i>
---------------------	--

Description

'summarised_results' object constructor

Usage

```
newSummarisedResult(x, settings = attr(x, "settings"))
```

Arguments

x	Table.
settings	Settings for the summarised_result object.

Value

A summarised_result object

Examples

```

library(dplyr)
library(omopgenerics)

x <- tibble(
  "result_id" = 1L,
  "cdm_name" = "cprd",
  "group_name" = "cohort_name",
  "group_level" = "acetaminophen",
  "strata_name" = "sex &&& age_group",
  "strata_level" = c("male &&& <40", "male &&& >=40"),
  "variable_name" = "number_subjects",
  "variable_level" = NA_character_,
  "estimate_name" = "count",
  "estimate_type" = "integer",
  "estimate_value" = c("5", "15"),
  "additional_name" = "overall",
  "additional_level" = "overall"
) |>
  newSummarisedResult()

x
settings(x)
summary(x)

x <- tibble(
  "result_id" = 1L,
  "cdm_name" = "cprd",
  "group_name" = "cohort_name",
  "group_level" = "acetaminophen",
  "strata_name" = "sex &&& age_group",
  "strata_level" = c("male &&& <40", "male &&& >=40"),
  "variable_name" = "number_subjects",
  "variable_level" = NA_character_,
  "estimate_name" = "count",
  "estimate_type" = "integer",
  "estimate_value" = c("5", "15"),
  "additional_name" = "overall",
  "additional_level" = "overall"
) |>
  newSummarisedResult(settings = tibble(
    result_id = 1L, result_type = "custom_summary", mock = TRUE, value = 5
  ))

x
settings(x)
summary(x)

```

Description

Count the number of records that a `cdm_table` has.

Usage

```
numberRecords(x)
```

Arguments

`x` A `cdm_table`.

Value

An integer with the number of records in the table.

Examples

```
person <- dplyr::tibble(
  person_id = 1, gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
  race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
)
observation_period <- dplyr::tibble(
  observation_period_id = 1, person_id = 1,
  observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
  observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
  period_type_concept_id = 0
)
cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list("person" = person, "observation_period" = observation_period),
  cdmName = "test"
)

numberRecords(cdm$observation_period)
```

<code>numberSubjects</code>	<i>Count the number of subjects that a <code>cdm_table</code> has.</i>
-----------------------------	--

Description

Count the number of subjects that a `cdm_table` has.

Usage

```
numberSubjects(x)
```

Arguments

`x` A `cdm_table`.

Value

An integer with the number of subjects in the table.

Examples

```

person <- dplyr::tibble(
  person_id = 1, gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
  race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
)
observation_period <- dplyr::tibble(
  observation_period_id = 1, person_id = 1,
  observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
  observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
  period_type_concept_id = 0
)
cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list("person" = person, "observation_period" = observation_period),
  cdmName = "test"
)

numberSubjects(cdm$observation_period)

```

omopColumns

Required columns that the standard tables in the OMOP Common Data Model must have.

Description

Required columns that the standard tables in the OMOP Common Data Model must have.

Usage

```

omopColumns(
  table,
  field = NULL,
  version = "5.3",
  onlyRequired = lifecycle::deprecated()
)

```

Arguments

table	Table to see required columns.
field	Name of the specific field.
version	Version of the OMOP Common Data Model.
onlyRequired	deprecated

Value

Character vector with the column names

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
omopColumns("person")
```

omopDataFolder	<i>Check or set the OMOP_DATA_FOLDER where the OMOP related data is stored.</i>
----------------	---

Description

Check or set the OMOP_DATA_FOLDER where the OMOP related data is stored.

Usage

```
omopDataFolder(path = NULL)
```

Arguments

path	Path to a folder to store the OMOP related data. If NULL the current OMOP_DATA_FOLDER is returned.
------	--

Value

The OMOP data folder.

Examples

```
omopDataFolder()
omopDataFolder(file.path(tempdir(), "OMOP_DATA"))
omopDataFolder()
```

omopTableFields	<i>Return a table of omop cdm fields informations</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Return a table of omop cdm fields informations

Usage

```
omopTableFields(cdmVersion = "5.3")
```

Arguments

cdmVersion cdm version of the omop cdm.

Value

a tibble contain informations on all the different fields in omop cdm.

omopTables	<i>Standard tables that a cdm reference can contain in the OMOP Common Data Model.</i>
------------	--

Description

Standard tables that a cdm reference can contain in the OMOP Common Data Model.

Usage

```
omopTables(version = "5.3")
```

Arguments

version Version of the OMOP Common Data Model.

Value

Standard tables

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
```

```
omopTables()
```

`pivotEstimates` *Set estimates as columns*

Description

Pivot the estimates as new columns in result table.

Usage

```
pivotEstimates(result, pivotEstimatesBy = "estimate_name", nameStyle = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>result</code>	A <summarised_result>.
<code>pivotEstimatesBy</code>	Names from which pivot wider the estimate values. If NULL the table will not be pivotted.
<code>nameStyle</code>	Name style (glue package specifications) to customise names when pivotting estimates. If NULL standard <code>tidyr::pivot_wider</code> formatting will be used.

Value

A tibble.

Examples

```
{
  library(dplyr)
  library(omopgenerics)

  x <- tibble(
    "result_id" = 1L,
    "cdm_name" = c("cprd", "eunomia"),
    "group_name" = "cohort_name",
    "group_level" = "my_cohort",
    "strata_name" = "sex",
    "strata_level" = "male",
    "variable_name" = "Age group",
    "variable_level" = "10 to 50",
    "estimate_name" = "count",
    "estimate_type" = "numeric",
    "estimate_value" = "5",
    "additional_name" = "overall",
    "additional_level" = "overall"
  ) |>
  newSummarisedResult()

  x |>
  pivotEstimates()
```

```
}
```

```
print.cdm_reference Print a CDM reference object
```

Description

Print a CDM reference object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cdm_reference'  
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A cdm_reference object
...	Included for compatibility with generic. Not used.

Value

Invisibly returns the input

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)  
  
cdm <- cdmFromTables(  
  tables = list(  
    "person" = dplyr::tibble(  
      person_id = c(1, 2, 3), gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,  
      race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0  
    ),  
    "observation_period" = dplyr::tibble(  
      observation_period_id = 1:3, person_id = 1:3,  
      observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),  
      observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),  
      period_type_concept_id = 0  
    )  
  ),  
  cdmName = "mock"  
)  
  
print(cdm)
```

print.codelist	<i>Print a codelist</i>
----------------	-------------------------

Description

Print a codelist

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'codelist'  
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A codelist
...	Included for compatibility with generic. Not used.

Value

Invisibly returns the input

Examples

```
codes <- list("disease X" = c(1, 2, 3), "disease Y" = c(4, 5))  
codes <- newCodelist(codes)  
print(codes)
```

print.codelist_with_details	<i>Print a codelist with details</i>
-----------------------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Print a codelist with details

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'codelist_with_details'  
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A codelist with details
...	Included for compatibility with generic. Not used.

Value

Invisibly returns the input

Examples

```
codes <- list("disease X" = dplyr::tibble(
  concept_id = c(1, 2, 3),
  other = c("a", "b", "c")
))
codes <- newCodelistWithDetails(codes)
print(codes)
```

```
print.concept_set_expression
      Print a concept set expression
```

Description

Print a concept set expression

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'concept_set_expression'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A concept set expression
...	Included for compatibility with generic. Not used.

Value

Invisibly returns the input

Examples

```
asthma_cs <- list(
  "asthma_narrow" = dplyr::tibble(
    "concept_id" = 1,
    "excluded" = FALSE,
    "descendants" = TRUE,
    "mapped" = FALSE
  ),
  "asthma_broad" = dplyr::tibble(
    "concept_id" = c(1, 2),
    "excluded" = FALSE,
    "descendants" = TRUE,
```

```
      "mapped" = FALSE
    )
  )
  asthma_cs <- newConceptSetExpression(asthma_cs)
  print(asthma_cs)
```

readSourceTable *Read a table from the cdm_source and add it to the cdm.*

Description

Read a table from the cdm_source and add it to the cdm.

Usage

```
readSourceTable(cdm, name)
```

Arguments

cdm	A cdm reference.
name	Name of a table to read in the cdm_source space.

Value

A cdm_reference with new table.

recordCohortAttrition *Update cohort attrition.*

Description

Update cohort attrition.

Usage

```
recordCohortAttrition(cohort, reason, cohortId = NULL)
```

Arguments

cohort	A cohort_table object.
reason	A character string.
cohortId	Cohort definition id of the cohort to update attrition. If NULL all cohort_definition_id are updated.

Value

cohort_table with updated attrition.

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)

person <- tibble(
  person_id = 1, gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
  race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
)
observation_period <- tibble(
  observation_period_id = 1, person_id = 1,
  observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
  observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
  period_type_concept_id = 0
)
cohort <- tibble(
  cohort_definition_id = c(1, 1, 1, 2),
  subject_id = 1,
  cohort_start_date = as.Date(c("2020-01-01", "2021-01-01", "2022-01-01", "2022-01-01")),
  cohort_end_date = as.Date(c("2020-01-01", "2021-01-01", "2022-01-01", "2022-01-01")),
)
cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list("person" = person, "observation_period" = observation_period),
  cdmName = "my_example_cdm",
  cohortTables = list("cohort1" = cohort)
)

cdm$cohort1
attrition(cdm$cohort1)

cdm$cohort1 <- cdm$cohort1 |>
  group_by(cohort_definition_id, subject_id) |>
  filter(cohort_start_date == min(cohort_start_date)) |>
  ungroup() |>
  compute(name = "cohort1", temporary = FALSE) |>
  recordCohortAttrition("Restrict to first observation")

cdm$cohort1
attrition(cdm$cohort1)
```

resultColumns

Required columns that the result tables must have.

Description

Required columns that the result tables must have.

Usage

```
resultColumns(table = "summarised_result")
```

Arguments

table Table to see required columns.

Value

Required columns

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)  
resultColumns()
```

resultPackageVersion *Check if different packages version are used for summarise_results object*

Description

Check if different packages version are used for summarise_results object

Usage

```
resultPackageVersion(result)
```

Arguments

result a summarised results object

Value

a summarised results object

settings	<i>Get settings from an object.</i>
----------	-------------------------------------

Description

Get settings from an object.

Usage

```
settings(x)
```

Arguments

x Object

Value

A table with the settings of the object.

settings.cohort_table	<i>Get cohort settings from a cohort_table object.</i>
-----------------------	--

Description

Get cohort settings from a cohort_table object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cohort_table'  
settings(x)
```

Arguments

x A cohort_table object.

Value

A table with the details of the cohort settings.

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)

person <- tibble(
  person_id = 1, gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
  race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
)
observation_period <- tibble(
  observation_period_id = 1, person_id = 1,
  observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
  observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
  period_type_concept_id = 0
)
cohort <- tibble(
  cohort_definition_id = 1,
  subject_id = 1,
  cohort_start_date = as.Date("2010-01-01"),
  cohort_end_date = as.Date("2012-01-01")
)
cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list("person" = person, "observation_period" = observation_period),
  cdmName = "test",
  cohortTables = list("my_cohort" = cohort)
)

settings(cdm$my_cohort)

cdm$my_cohort <- cdm$my_cohort |>
  newCohortTable(cohortSetRef = tibble(
    cohort_definition_id = 1, cohort_name = "new_name"
  ))

settings(cdm$my_cohort)
```

settings.summarised_result

Get settings from a summarised_result object.

Description

Get settings from a summarised_result object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'summarised_result'
settings(x)
```

Arguments

x A summarised_result object.

Value

A table with the settings.

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)

person <- tibble(
  person_id = 1, gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
  race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
)
observation_period <- tibble(
  observation_period_id = 1, person_id = 1,
  observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
  observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
  period_type_concept_id = 0
)
cohort <- tibble(
  cohort_definition_id = 1,
  subject_id = 1,
  cohort_start_date = as.Date("2010-01-01"),
  cohort_end_date = as.Date("2012-01-01")
)
cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list("person" = person, "observation_period" = observation_period),
  cdmName = "test",
  cohortTables = list("my_cohort" = cohort)
)

result <- summary(cdm$my_cohort)

settings(result)
```

settingsColumns *Identify settings columns of a <summarised_result>*

Description

Identifies and returns the columns of the settings table obtained by using settings() in a <summarised_result> object.

Usage

```
settingsColumns(result, metadata = FALSE)
```

Arguments

result A <summarised_result>.
 metadata Whether to include metadata columns in settings or not.

Value

Vector with names of the settings columns

Examples

```
{
  library(dplyr)
  library(omopgenerics)

  x <- tibble(
    "result_id" = as.integer(c(1, 2)),
    "cdm_name" = c("cprd", "eunomia"),
    "group_name" = "cohort_name",
    "group_level" = "my_cohort",
    "strata_name" = "sex",
    "strata_level" = "male",
    "variable_name" = "Age group",
    "variable_level" = "10 to 50",
    "estimate_name" = "count",
    "estimate_type" = "numeric",
    "estimate_value" = "5",
    "additional_name" = "overall",
    "additional_level" = "overall"
  ) |>
  newSummarisedResult(settings = tibble(
    "result_id" = c(1, 2), "custom" = c("A", "B")
  ))

  x

  x |> settingsColumns()
}
```

 sourceType

Get the source type of an object.

Description

Get the source type of an object.

Usage

```
sourceType(x)
```

Arguments

x Object to know the source type.

Value

A character vector that defines the type of cdm_source.

splitAdditional *Split additional_name and additional_level columns*

Description

Pivots the input dataframe so the values of the column additional_name are transformed into columns that contain values from the additional_level column.

Usage

```
splitAdditional(result, keep = FALSE, fill = "overall")
```

Arguments

result A dataframe with at least the columns additional_name and additional_level.
 keep Whether to keep the original group_name and group_level columns.
 fill Optionally, a character that specifies what value should be filled in with when missing.

Value

A dataframe.

Examples

```
{
  library(dplyr)
  library(omopgenerics)

  x <- tibble(
    "result_id" = as.integer(c(1, 2)),
    "cdm_name" = c("cprd", "eunomia"),
    "group_name" = "cohort_name",
    "group_level" = "my_cohort",
    "strata_name" = "sex",
    "strata_level" = "male",
    "variable_name" = "Age group",
    "variable_level" = "10 to 50",
    "estimate_name" = "count",
    "estimate_type" = "numeric",
    "estimate_value" = "5",
```

```

      "additional_name" = "overall",
      "additional_level" = "overall"
    ) |>
    newSummarisedResult(settings = tibble(
      "result_id" = c(1, 2), "custom" = c("A", "B")
    ))

x

x |> splitAdditional()
}

```

splitAll

Split all pairs name-level into columns.

Description

Pivots the input dataframe so any pair name-level columns are transformed into columns (name) that contain values from the corresponding level.

Usage

```
splitAll(result, keep = FALSE, fill = "overall", exclude = "variable")
```

Arguments

result	A data.frame.
keep	Whether to keep the original name-level columns.
fill	A character that specifies what value should be filled in when missing.
exclude	Name of a column pair to exclude.

Value

A dataframe with group, strata and additional as columns.

Examples

```

{
  library(dplyr)
  library(omopgenerics)

  x <- tibble(
    "result_id" = as.integer(c(1, 2)),
    "cdm_name" = c("cprd", "eunomia"),
    "group_name" = "cohort_name",
    "group_level" = "my_cohort",
    "strata_name" = "sex",
    "strata_level" = "male",
  )
}

```

```

    "variable_name" = "Age group",
    "variable_level" = "10 to 50",
    "estimate_name" = "count",
    "estimate_type" = "numeric",
    "estimate_value" = "5",
    "additional_name" = "overall",
    "additional_level" = "overall"
  ) |>
  newSummarisedResult(settings = tibble(
    "result_id" = c(1, 2), "custom" = c("A", "B")
  ))

x

x |> splitAll()
}

```

splitGroup

Split group_name and group_level columns

Description

Pivots the input dataframe so the values of the column `group_name` are transformed into columns that contain values from the `group_level` column.

Usage

```
splitGroup(result, keep = FALSE, fill = "overall")
```

Arguments

<code>result</code>	A dataframe with at least the columns <code>group_name</code> and <code>group_level</code> .
<code>keep</code>	Whether to keep the original <code>group_name</code> and <code>group_level</code> columns.
<code>fill</code>	Optionally, a character that specifies what value should be filled in with when missing.

Value

A dataframe.

Examples

```

{
  library(dplyr)
  library(omopgenerics)

  x <- tibble(
    "result_id" = as.integer(c(1, 2)),

```

```

      "cdm_name" = c("cprd", "eunomia"),
      "group_name" = "cohort_name",
      "group_level" = "my_cohort",
      "strata_name" = "sex",
      "strata_level" = "male",
      "variable_name" = "Age group",
      "variable_level" = "10 to 50",
      "estimate_name" = "count",
      "estimate_type" = "numeric",
      "estimate_value" = "5",
      "additional_name" = "overall",
      "additional_level" = "overall"
    ) |>
    newSummarisedResult(settings = tibble(
      "result_id" = c(1, 2), "custom" = c("A", "B")
    ))

x

x |> splitGroup()
}

```

splitStrata

Split strata_name and strata_level columns

Description

Pivots the input dataframe so the values of the column `strata_name` are transformed into columns that contain values from the `strata_level` column.

Usage

```
splitStrata(result, keep = FALSE, fill = "overall")
```

Arguments

<code>result</code>	A dataframe with at least the columns <code>strata_name</code> and <code>strata_level</code> .
<code>keep</code>	Whether to keep the original <code>group_name</code> and <code>group_level</code> columns.
<code>fill</code>	Optionally, a character that specifies what value should be filled in with when missing.

Value

A dataframe.

Examples

```

{
  library(dplyr)
  library(omopgenerics)

  x <- tibble(
    "result_id" = as.integer(c(1, 2)),
    "cdm_name" = c("cprd", "eunomia"),
    "group_name" = "cohort_name",
    "group_level" = "my_cohort",
    "strata_name" = "sex",
    "strata_level" = "male",
    "variable_name" = "Age group",
    "variable_level" = "10 to 50",
    "estimate_name" = "count",
    "estimate_type" = "numeric",
    "estimate_value" = "5",
    "additional_name" = "overall",
    "additional_level" = "overall"
  ) |>
  newSummarisedResult(settings = tibble(
    "result_id" = c(1, 2), "custom" = c("A", "B")
  ))

  x

  x |> splitStrata()
}

```

statusIndexes

Status of the indexes

Description**[Experimental]****Usage**

```
statusIndexes(cdm, name = NULL)
```

Arguments

cdm	A cdm_reference object.
name	Name(s) of the cdm tables.

Value

A tibble with 3 columns: table_class class of the table, table_name name of the table, index index definition, and index_status status of the index, either: 'missing', 'extra', 'present'.

strataColumns	<i>Identify variables in strata_name column</i>
---------------	---

Description

Identifies and returns the unique values in strata_name column.

Usage

```
strataColumns(result)
```

Arguments

result A tibble.

Value

Unique values of the strata name column.

Examples

```
{
  library(dplyr)
  library(omopgenerics)

  x <- tibble(
    "result_id" = as.integer(c(1, 2)),
    "cdm_name" = c("cprd", "eunomia"),
    "group_name" = "cohort_name",
    "group_level" = "my_cohort",
    "strata_name" = "sex",
    "strata_level" = "male",
    "variable_name" = "Age group",
    "variable_level" = "10 to 50",
    "estimate_name" = "count",
    "estimate_type" = "numeric",
    "estimate_value" = "5",
    "additional_name" = "overall",
    "additional_level" = "overall"
  ) |>
  newSummarisedResult(settings = tibble(
    "result_id" = c(1, 2), "custom" = c("A", "B")
  ))

  x

  x |> strataColumns()
}
```

summariseLogFile	<i>Summarise and extract the information of a log file into a summarised_result object.</i>
------------------	---

Description

Summarise and extract the information of a log file into a summarised_result object.

Usage

```
summariseLogFile(  
  logFile = getOption("omopgenerics.logFile"),  
  cdmName = "unknown"  
)
```

Arguments

logFile	File path to the log file to summarise. Create a logFile with createLogFile().
cdmName	Name of the cdm for the summarise_result object.

Value

A summarise_result with the information of the log file.

Examples

```
library(dplyr)  
  
logFile <- tempfile(pattern = "log_{date}_{time}", fileext = ".txt")  
createLogFile(logFile = logFile)  
  
logMessage("Starting analysis")  
1 + 1  
logMessage("Analysis finished")  
  
res <- summariseLogFile()  
  
glimpse(res)  
  
tidy(res)
```

summary.cdm_reference *Summary a cdm reference*

Description

Summary a cdm reference

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cdm_reference'  
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	A cdm reference object.
...	For compatibility (not used).

Value

A summarised_result object with a summary of the data contained in the cdm.

Examples

```
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)  
  
person <- tibble(  
  person_id = 1, gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,  
  race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0  
)  
observation_period <- tibble(  
  observation_period_id = 1, person_id = 1,  
  observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),  
  observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),  
  period_type_concept_id = 0  
)  
cdm <- cdmFromTables(  
  tables = list("person" = person, "observation_period" = observation_period),  
  cdmName = "test"  
)  
  
summary(cdm)
```

summary.cdm_source *Summarise a cdm_source object*

Description

Summarise a cdm_source object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cdm_source'  
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object A generated cohort set object.
... For compatibility (not used).

Value

A list of properties of the cdm_source object.

Examples

```
summary(newLocalSource())
```

summary.cohort_table *Summary a generated cohort set*

Description

Summary a generated cohort set

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cohort_table'  
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object A generated cohort set object.
... For compatibility (not used).

Value

A summarised_result object with a summary of a cohort_table.

Examples

```

library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)

person <- tibble(
  person_id = 1, gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
  race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
)
observation_period <- tibble(
  observation_period_id = 1, person_id = 1,
  observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
  observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
  period_type_concept_id = 0
)
cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list("person" = person, "observation_period" = observation_period),
  cdmName = "test",
  cohortTables = list("cohort1" = tibble(
    cohort_definition_id = 1,
    subject_id = 1,
    cohort_start_date = as.Date("2010-01-01"),
    cohort_end_date = as.Date("2010-01-05")
  ))
)

summary(cdm$cohort1)

```

```
summary.summarised_result
```

Summary a summarised_result

Description

Summary a summarised_result

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'summarised_result'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

```
object      A summarised_result object.
...         For compatibility (not used).
```

Value

A summary of the result_types contained in a summarised_result object.

Examples

```
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)

person <- tibble(
  person_id = 1, gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
  race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
)
observation_period <- tibble(
  observation_period_id = 1, person_id = 1,
  observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
  observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
  period_type_concept_id = 0
)
cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list("person" = person, "observation_period" = observation_period),
  cdmName = "test"
)

result <- summary(cdm)

summary(result)
```

suppress

Function to suppress counts in result objects

Description

Function to suppress counts in result objects

Usage

```
suppress(result, minCellCount = 5)
```

Arguments

`result` Result object

`minCellCount` Minimum count of records to report results.

Value

Table with suppressed counts

 suppress.summarised_result

Function to suppress counts in result objects

Description

Function to suppress counts in result objects

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'summarised_result'
suppress(result, minCellCount = 5)
```

Arguments

result summarised_result object.
 minCellCount Minimum count of records to report results.

Value

summarised_result with suppressed counts.

Examples

```
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)
library(omopgenerics)

my_result <- tibble(
  "result_id" = "1",
  "cdm_name" = "mock",
  "result_type" = "summarised_characteristics",
  "package_name" = "omopgenerics",
  "package_version" = as.character(utils::packageVersion("omopgenerics")),
  "group_name" = "overall",
  "group_level" = "overall",
  "strata_name" = c(rep("overall", 6), rep("sex", 3)),
  "strata_level" = c(rep("overall", 6), "male", "female", "female"),
  "variable_name" = c(
    "number records", "age_group", "age_group",
    "age_group", "age_group", "my_variable", "number records", "age_group",
    "age_group"
  ),
  "variable_level" = c(
    NA, "<50", "<50", ">=50", ">=50", NA, NA,
    "<50", "<50"
  ),
  "estimate_name" = c(
    "count", "count", "percentage", "count", "percentage",
    "random", "count", "count", "percentage"
  )
)
```

```

),
"estimate_type" = c(
  "integer", "integer", "percentage", "integer",
  "percentage", "numeric", "integer", "integer", "percentage"
),
"estimate_value" = c("10", "5", "50", "3", "30", "1", "3", "12", "6"),
"additional_name" = "overall",
"additional_level" = "overall"
)
my_result <- newSummarisedResult(my_result)
my_result |> glimpse()
my_result <- suppress(my_result, minCellCount = 5)
my_result |> glimpse()

```

tableName	<i>Get the table name of a cdm_table.</i>
-----------	---

Description

Get the table name of a cdm_table.

Usage

```
tableName(table)
```

Arguments

table A cdm_table.

Value

A character with the name.

Examples

```

library(omopgenerics)
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)

cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list(
    "person" = tibble(
      person_id = c(1, 2, 3), gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
      race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
    ),
    "observation_period" = tibble(
      observation_period_id = 1:3, person_id = 1:3,
      observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
      observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
      period_type_concept_id = 0
    )
  )

```

```

    )
  ),
  cdmName = "mock"
)

tableName(cdm$person)

```

tableSource	<i>Get the table source of a cdm_table.</i>
-------------	---

Description

Get the table source of a cdm_table.

Usage

```
tableSource(table)
```

Arguments

table A cdm_table.

Value

A cdm_source object.

Examples

```

library(omopgenerics)
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)

cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list(
    "person" = tibble(
      person_id = c(1, 2, 3), gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
      race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
    ),
    "observation_period" = tibble(
      observation_period_id = 1:3, person_id = 1:3,
      observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
      observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
      period_type_concept_id = 0
    )
  ),
  cdmName = "mock"
)

tableSource(cdm$person)

```

tidy.summarised_result

Turn a <summarised_result> object into a tidy tibble

Description

[Experimental] Provides tools for obtaining a tidy version of a <summarised_result> object. This tidy version will include the settings as columns, estimate_value will be pivoted into columns using estimate_name as names, and group, strata, and additional will be splitted.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'summarised_result'
tidy(x, ...)
```

Arguments

```
x          A <summarised_result>.
...        For compatibility (not used).
```

Value

A tibble.

Examples

```
{
  library(dplyr)
  library(omopgenerics)

  x <- tibble(
    "result_id" = as.integer(c(1, 2)),
    "cdm_name" = c("cprd", "eunomia"),
    "group_name" = "cohort_name",
    "group_level" = "my_cohort",
    "strata_name" = "sex",
    "strata_level" = "male",
    "variable_name" = "Age group",
    "variable_level" = "10 to 50",
    "estimate_name" = "count",
    "estimate_type" = "numeric",
    "estimate_value" = "5",
    "additional_name" = "overall",
    "additional_level" = "overall"
  ) |>
  newSummarisedResult(settings = tibble(
    "result_id" = c(1, 2), "custom" = c("A", "B")
  ))
}
```

```
x
x |> tidy()
}
```

tidyColumns	<i>Identify tidy columns of a</i> <summarised_result>
-------------	---

Description

Identifies and returns the columns that the tidy version of the <summarised_result> will have.

Usage

```
tidyColumns(result)
```

Arguments

result A <summarised_result>.

Value

Table columns after applying tidy() function to a <summarised_result>.

Examples

```
{
  library(dplyr)
  library(omopgenerics)

  x <- tibble(
    "result_id" = as.integer(c(1, 2)),
    "cdm_name" = c("cprd", "eunomia"),
    "group_name" = "cohort_name",
    "group_level" = "my_cohort",
    "strata_name" = "sex",
    "strata_level" = "male",
    "variable_name" = "Age group",
    "variable_level" = "10 to 50",
    "estimate_name" = "count",
    "estimate_type" = "numeric",
    "estimate_value" = "5",
    "additional_name" = "overall",
    "additional_level" = "overall"
  ) |>
  newSummarisedResult(settings = tibble(
    "result_id" = c(1, 2), "custom" = c("A", "B")
  ))
}
```

```
x
x |> tidyColumns()
}
```

tmpPrefix	<i>Create a temporary prefix for tables, that contains a unique prefix that starts with tmp.</i>
-----------	--

Description

Create a temporary prefix for tables, that contains a unique prefix that starts with tmp.

Usage

```
tmpPrefix()
```

Value

A temporary prefix.

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
tmpPrefix()
```

toSnakeCase	<i>Convert a character vector to snake case</i>
-------------	---

Description

Convert a character vector to snake case

Usage

```
toSnakeCase(x)
```

Arguments

x Character vector to convert

Value

A snake_case vector

Examples

```
toSnakeCase("myVariable")

toSnakeCase(c("cohort1", "Cohort22b"))
```

```
transformToSummarisedResult
```

Create a <summarised_result> object from a data.frame, given a set of specifications.

Description

Create a <summarised_result> object from a data.frame, given a set of specifications.

Usage

```
transformToSummarisedResult(
  x,
  group = character(),
  strata = character(),
  additional = character(),
  estimates = character(),
  settings = character()
)
```

Arguments

x	A data.frame.
group	Columns in x to be used in group_name-group_level formatting.
strata	Columns in x to be used in strata_name-strata_level formatting.
additional	Columns in x to be used in additional_name-additional_level formatting.
estimates	Columns in x to be formatted into: estimate_name-estimate_type-estimate_value.
settings	Columns in x that form the settings of the <summarised_result> object.

Value

A <summarised_result> object.

Examples

```
x <- dplyr::tibble(
  cohort_name = c("cohort1", "cohort2"),
  variable_name = "age",
  mean = c(50, 45.3),
  median = c(55L, 44L)
```

```

)

transformToSummarisedResult(
  x = x,
  group = c("cohort_name"),
  estimates = c("mean", "median")
)

```

uniqueId	<i>Get a unique Identifier with a certain number of characters and a prefix.</i>
----------	--

Description

Get a unique Identifier with a certain number of characters and a prefix.

Usage

```
uniqueId(n = 1, exclude = character(), nChar = 3, prefix = "id_")
```

Arguments

n	Number of identifiers.
exclude	Columns to exclude.
nChar	Number of characters.
prefix	A prefix for the identifiers.

Value

A character vector with n unique identifiers.

uniqueTableName	<i>Create a unique table name</i>
-----------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Create a unique table name

Usage

```
uniqueTableName(prefix = "")
```

Arguments

prefix	Prefix for the table names.
--------	-----------------------------

Value

A string that can be used as a dbplyr temp table name

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
uniqueTableName()
```

uniteAdditional	<i>Unite one or more columns in additional_name-additional_level format</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Unites targeted table columns into additional_name-additional_level columns.

Usage

```
uniteAdditional(
  x,
  cols = character(0),
  keep = FALSE,
  ignore = c(NA, "overall")
)
```

Arguments

x	Tibble or dataframe.
cols	Columns to aggregate.
keep	Whether to keep the original columns.
ignore	Level values to ignore.

Value

A tibble with the new columns.

Examples

```
x <- dplyr::tibble(
  variable = "number subjects",
  value = c(10, 15, 40, 78),
  sex = c("Male", "Female", "Male", "Female"),
  age_group = c("<40", ">40", ">40", "<40")
)

x |>
  uniteAdditional(c("sex", "age_group"))
```

uniteGroup	<i>Unite one or more columns in group_name-group_level format</i>
------------	---

Description

Unites targeted table columns into group_name-group_level columns.

Usage

```
uniteGroup(x, cols = character(0), keep = FALSE, ignore = c(NA, "overall"))
```

Arguments

x	Tibble or dataframe.
cols	Columns to aggregate.
keep	Whether to keep the original columns.
ignore	Level values to ignore.

Value

A tibble with the new columns.

Examples

```
x <- dplyr::tibble(
  variable = "number subjects",
  value = c(10, 15, 40, 78),
  sex = c("Male", "Female", "Male", "Female"),
  age_group = c("<40", ">40", ">40", "<40")
)

x |>
  uniteGroup(c("sex", "age_group"))
```

uniteStrata	<i>Unite one or more columns in strata_name-strata_level format</i>
-------------	---

Description

Unites targeted table columns into strata_name-strata_level columns.

Usage

```
uniteStrata(x, cols = character(0), keep = FALSE, ignore = c(NA, "overall"))
```

Arguments

x	Tibble or dataframe.
cols	Columns to aggregate.
keep	Whether to keep the original columns.
ignore	Level values to ignore.

Value

A tibble with the new columns.

Examples

```
x <- dplyr::tibble(
  variable = "number subjects",
  value = c(10, 15, 40, 78),
  sex = c("Male", "Female", "Male", "Female"),
  age_group = c("<40", ">40", ">40", "<40")
)

x |>
  uniteStrata(c("sex", "age_group"))
```

validateAchillesTable *Validate if a cdm_table is a valid achilles table.*

Description

Validate if a cdm_table is a valid achilles table.

Usage

```
validateAchillesTable(
  table,
  version = NULL,
  cast = FALSE,
  call = parent.frame()
)
```

Arguments

table	A cdm_table to validate.
version	The cdm vocabulary version.
cast	Whether to cast columns to required type.
call	Passed to cli call.

Value

invisible achilles table

validateAgeGroupArgument

Validate the ageGroup argument. It must be a list of two integerish numbers lower age and upper age, both of the must be greater or equal to 0 and lower age must be lower or equal to the upper age. If not named automatic names will be given in the output list.

Description

Validate the ageGroup argument. It must be a list of two integerish numbers lower age and upper age, both of the must be greater or equal to 0 and lower age must be lower or equal to the upper age. If not named automatic names will be given in the output list.

Usage

```
validateAgeGroupArgument(
  ageGroup,
  multipleAgeGroup = TRUE,
  overlap = FALSE,
  null = TRUE,
  ageGroupName = "age_group",
  call = parent.frame()
)
```

Arguments

ageGroup	age group in a list.
multipleAgeGroup	allow mutliple age group.
overlap	allow overlapping ageGroup.
null	null age group allowed true or false.
ageGroupName	Name of the default age group.
call	parent frame.

Value

validate ageGroup

Examples

```
validateAgeGroupArgument(list(c(0, 39), c(40, Inf)))
```

validateCdmArgument *Validate if an object in a valid cdm_reference.*

Description

Validate if an object in a valid cdm_reference.

Usage

```
validateCdmArgument(  
  cdm,  
  checkOverlapObservation = FALSE,  
  checkStartBeforeEndObservation = FALSE,  
  checkPlausibleObservationDates = FALSE,  
  checkPerson = FALSE,  
  requiredTables = character(),  
  validation = "error",  
  call = parent.frame()  
)
```

Arguments

cdm	A cdm_reference object
checkOverlapObservation	TRUE to perform check on no overlap observation period
checkStartBeforeEndObservation	TRUE to perform check on correct observational start and end date
checkPlausibleObservationDates	TRUE to perform check that there are no implausible observation period start dates (before 1800-01-01) or end dates (after the current date)
checkPerson	TRUE to perform check on person id in all clinical table are in person table
requiredTables	Name of tables that are required to be part of the cdm_reference object.
validation	How to perform validation: "error", "warning".
call	A call argument to pass to cli functions.

Value

A cdm_reference object

Examples

```
cdm <- cdmFromTables(  
  tables = list(  
    "person" = dplyr::tibble(  
      person_id = c(1, 2, 3), gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,  
      race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
```

```

    ),
    "observation_period" = dplyr::tibble(
      observation_period_id = 1:3, person_id = 1:3,
      observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
      observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
      period_type_concept_id = 0
    )
  ),
  cdmName = "mock"
)

validateCdmArgument(cdm)

```

validateCdmTable	<i>Validate if a table is a valid cdm_table object.</i>
------------------	---

Description

Validate if a table is a valid cdm_table object.

Usage

```
validateCdmTable(table, name = NULL, call = parent.frame())
```

Arguments

table	Object to validate.
name	If we want to validate that the table has a specific name.
call	Call argument that will be passed to cli.

Value

The table or an error message.

validateCohortArgument	<i>Validate a cohort table input.</i>
------------------------	---------------------------------------

Description

Validate a cohort table input.

Usage

```
validateCohortArgument(
  cohort,
  checkEndAfterStart = FALSE,
  checkOverlappingEntries = FALSE,
  checkMissingValues = FALSE,
  checkInObservation = FALSE,
  checkAttributes = FALSE,
  checkPermanentTable = FALSE,
  dropExtraColumns = FALSE,
  validation = "error",
  call = parent.frame()
)
```

Arguments

cohort Object to be validated as a valid cohort input.

checkEndAfterStart If TRUE a check that all cohort end dates come on or after cohort start date will be performed.

checkOverlappingEntries If TRUE a check that no individuals have overlapping cohort entries will be performed.

checkMissingValues If TRUE a check that there are no missing values in required fields will be performed.

checkInObservation If TRUE a check that cohort entries are within the individuals observation periods will be performed.

checkAttributes Whether to check if attributes are present and populated correctly.

checkPermanentTable Whether to check if the table has to be a permanent table.

dropExtraColumns Whether to drop extra columns that are not the required ones.

validation How to perform validation: "error", "warning".

call A call argument to pass to cli functions.

Examples

```
cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list(
    "person" = dplyr::tibble(
      person_id = c(1, 2, 3), gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
      race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
    ),
    "observation_period" = dplyr::tibble(
```

```

      observation_period_id = 1:3, person_id = 1:3,
      observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
      observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
      period_type_concept_id = 0
    )
  ),
  cohortTables = list(
    cohort = dplyr::tibble(
      cohort_definition_id = 1L,
      subject_id = 1L,
      cohort_start_date = as.Date("2020-01-01"),
      cohort_end_date = as.Date("2021-02-10")
    )
  ),
  cdmName = "mock"
)

validateCohortArgument(cdm$cohort)

```

validateCohortIdArgument

Validate cohortId argument. CohortId can either be a cohort_definition_id value, a cohort_name or a tidysselect expression referinc to cohort_names. If you want to support tidysselect expressions please use the function as: validateCohortIdArgument({{cohortId}}, cohort).

Description

Validate cohortId argument. CohortId can either be a cohort_definition_id value, a cohort_name or a tidysselect expression referinc to cohort_names. If you want to support tidysselect expressions please use the function as: validateCohortIdArgument({{cohortId}}, cohort).

Usage

```

validateCohortIdArgument(
  cohortId,
  cohort,
  null = TRUE,
  validation = "error",
  call = parent.frame()
)

```

Arguments

cohortId	A cohortId vector to be validated.
cohort	A cohort_table object.

null	Whether NULL is accepted. If NULL all cohortId will be returned.
validation	How to perform validation: "error", "warning".
call	A call argument to pass to cli functions.

Examples

```

cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list(
    "person" = dplyr::tibble(
      person_id = c(1, 2, 3), gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
      race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
    ),
    "observation_period" = dplyr::tibble(
      observation_period_id = 1:3, person_id = 1:3,
      observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
      observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
      period_type_concept_id = 0
    )
  ),
  cohortTables = list(
    cohort = dplyr::tibble(
      cohort_definition_id = 1L,
      subject_id = 1L,
      cohort_start_date = as.Date("2020-01-01"),
      cohort_end_date = as.Date("2021-02-10")
    )
  ),
  cdmName = "mock"
)

validateCohortIdArgument(NULL, cdm$cohort)
validateCohortIdArgument(1L, cdm$cohort)
validateCohortIdArgument(2L, cdm$cohort, validation = "warning")

```

validateColumn	<i>Validate whether a variable points to a certain exiting column in a table.</i>
----------------	---

Description

Validate whether a variable points to a certain exiting column in a table.

Usage

```

validateColumn(
  column,
  x,
  type = c("character", "date", "logical", "numeric", "integer"),

```

```

    validation = "error",
    call = parent.frame()
  )

```

Arguments

column	Name of a column that you want to check that exist in x table.
x	Table to check if the column exist.
type	Type of the column.
validation	Whether to throw warning or error.
call	Passed to cli functions.

Value

the validated name

Examples

```

x <- dplyr::tibble(a = 1, b = "xxx")

validateColumn("a", x, validation = "warning")
validateColumn("a", x, type = "character", validation = "warning")
validateColumn("a", x, type = "numeric", validation = "warning")
validateColumn("not_existing", x, type = "numeric", validation = "warning")

```

validateConceptSetArgument

Validate conceptSet argument. It can either be a list, a codelist, a concept set expression or a codelist with details. The output will always be a codelist.

Description

Validate conceptSet argument. It can either be a list, a codelist, a concept set expression or a codelist with details. The output will always be a codelist.

Usage

```

validateConceptSetArgument(
  conceptSet,
  cdm = NULL,
  validation = "error",
  call = parent.frame()
)

```

Arguments

conceptSet	It can be either a named list of concepts or a codelist, codelist_with_details or concept_set_expression object.
cdm	A cdm_reference object, needed if a concept_set_expression is provided.
validation	How to perform validation: "error", "warning".
call	A call argument to pass to cli functions.

Value

A codelist object.

Examples

```
conceptSet <- list(disease_x = c(1L, 2L))
validateConceptSetArgument(conceptSet)
```

validateNameArgument *Validate name argument. It must be a snake_case character vector. You can add the a cdm object to check name is not already used in that cdm.*

Description

Validate name argument. It must be a snake_case character vector. You can add the a cdm object to check name is not already used in that cdm.

Usage

```
validateNameArgument(
  name,
  cdm = NULL,
  validation = "error",
  null = FALSE,
  call = parent.frame()
)
```

Arguments

name	Name of a new table to be added to a cdm object.
cdm	A cdm_reference object. It will check if a table named name already exists in the cdm.
validation	How to perform validation: "error", "warning".
null	If TRUE, name can be NULL
call	A call argument to pass to cli functions.

Examples

```
# this is a validate name
name <- "my_new_table"
validateNameArgument(name)

# this is not
name <- "myTableNAME"
validateNameArgument(name, validation = "warning")
```

validateNameLevel	<i>Validate if two columns are valid Name-Level pair.</i>
-------------------	---

Description

Validate if two columns are valid Name-Level pair.

Usage

```
validateNameLevel(
  x,
  prefix,
  sep = " &&& ",
  validation = "error",
  call = parent.frame()
)
```

Arguments

x	A tibble.
prefix	Prefix for the name-level pair, e.g. 'strata' for strata_name-strata_level pair.
sep	Separation pattern.
validation	Either 'error', 'warning' or 'message'.
call	Will be used by cli to report errors.

validateNameStyle	<i>Validate nameStyle argument. If any of the element in ... has length greater than 1 it must be contained in nameStyle. Note that snake case notation is used.</i>
-------------------	--

Description

Validate nameStyle argument. If any of the element in ... has length greater than 1 it must be contained in nameStyle. Note that snake case notation is used.

Usage

```
validateNameStyle(nameStyle, ..., call = parent.frame())
```

Arguments

nameStyle	A character vector. It must contain all the ... elements in snake_case format and between {}.
...	Elements to be included.
call	Passed to cli functions.

Value

invisible nameStyle.

Examples

```
validateNameStyle(  
  nameStyle = "hi_{cohort_name}",  
  cohortName = c("cohort1", "cohort2"),  
  otherVariable = c("only 1 value")  
)  
  
## Not run:  
validateNameStyle(  
  nameStyle = "hi_{cohort_name}",  
  cohortName = c("cohort1", "cohort2"),  
  otherVariable = c("value1", "value2")  
)  
  
## End(Not run)  
validateNameStyle(  
  nameStyle = "{other_variable}_hi_{cohort_name}",  
  cohortName = c("cohort1", "cohort2"),  
  otherVariable = c("value1", "value2")  
)
```

validateNewColumn	<i>Validate a new column of a table</i>
-------------------	---

Description

Validate a new column of a table

Usage

```
validateNewColumn(table, column, validation = "warning", call = parent.frame())
```

Arguments

table	The table to check if the column already exists.
column	Character vector with the name(s) of the new column(s).
validation	Whether to throw warning or error.
call	Passed to cli functions.

Value

table without conflicting columns.

Examples

```
x <- dplyr::tibble(
  column1 = c(1L, 2L),
  column2 = c("a", "b")
)
validateNewColumn(x, "not_exiting_column")
validateNewColumn(x, "column1")
```

validateOmotTable	<i>Validate an omot_table</i>
-------------------	-------------------------------

Description

Validate an omot_table

Usage

```
validateOmotTable(
  omotTable,
  version = NULL,
  cast = FALSE,
  call = parent.frame()
)
```

Arguments

omotTable	An omot_table to check.
version	The version of the cdm.
cast	Whether to cast columns to the correct type.
call	Call argument that will be passed to cli error message.

Value

An omot_table object.

 validateResultArgument

Validate if a an object is a valid 'summarised_result' object.

Description

Validate if a an object is a valid 'summarised_result' object.

Usage

```
validateResultArgument(
  result,
  checkNoDuplicates = FALSE,
  checkNameLevel = FALSE,
  checkSuppression = FALSE,
  validation = "error",
  call = parent.frame()
)
```

Arguments

result	summarised_result object to validate.
checkNoDuplicates	Whether there are not allowed duplicates in the result object.
checkNameLevel	Whether the name-level paired columns are can be correctly split.
checkSuppression	Whether the suppression in the result object is well defined.
validation	Only error is supported at the moment.
call	parent.frame

Value

summarise result object

Examples

```
x <- dplyr::tibble(
  "result_id" = 1L,
  "cdm_name" = "eunomia",
  "group_name" = "cohort_name",
  "group_level" = "my_cohort",
  "strata_name" = c("sex", "sex &&& age_group", "sex &&& year"),
  "strata_level" = c("Female", "Male &&& <40", "Female &&& 2010"),
  "variable_name" = "number subjects",
  "variable_level" = NA_character_,
  "estimate_name" = "count",
  "estimate_type" = "integer",
```

```
"estimate_value" = c("100", "44", "14"),  
"additional_name" = "overall",  
"additional_level" = "overall"  
) |>  
  newSummarisedResult()  
  
validateResultArgument(x)
```

validateStrataArgument

To validate a strata list. It makes sure that elements are unique and point to columns in table.

Description

To validate a strata list. It makes sure that elements are unique and point to columns in table.

Usage

```
validateStrataArgument(strata, table, call = parent.frame())
```

Arguments

strata	A list of characters that point to columns in table.
table	A table with columns.
call	Passed to cli functions.

Value

The same strata input or an error if the input is incorrect.

Examples

```
strata <- list("age", "sex", c("age", "sex"))  
x <- dplyr::tibble(age = 30L, sex = "Female")  
  
validateStrataArgument(strata, x)
```

`validateWindowArgument`

Validate a window argument. It must be a list of two elements (window start and window end), both must be integerish and window start must be lower or equal than window end.

Description

Validate a window argument. It must be a list of two elements (window start and window end), both must be integerish and window start must be lower or equal than window end.

Usage

```
validateWindowArgument(window, snakeCase = TRUE, call = parent.frame())
```

Arguments

<code>window</code>	time window
<code>snakeCase</code>	return default window name in snake case if TRUE
<code>call</code>	A call argument to pass to cli functions.

Value

time window

Examples

```
validateWindowArgument(list(c(0, 15), c(-Inf, Inf)))  
validateWindowArgument(list(c(0, 15), c(-Inf, Inf)), snakeCase = FALSE)
```

`[["cdm_reference` *Subset a cdm reference object.*

Description

Subset a cdm reference object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cdm_reference'  
x[["name"]]
```

Arguments

x	A cdm reference
name	The name or index of the table to extract from the cdm object.

Value

A single cdm table reference

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)

cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list(
    "person" = tibble(
      person_id = c(1, 2, 3), gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
      race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
    ),
    "observation_period" = tibble(
      observation_period_id = 1:3, person_id = 1:3,
      observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
      observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
      period_type_concept_id = 0
    )
  ),
  cdmName = "mock"
)

cdm[["person"]]
```

[[<- .cdm_reference *Assign a table to a cdm reference.*

Description

Assign a table to a cdm reference.

Usage

```
## S3 replacement method for class 'cdm_reference'
cdm[[name]] <- value
```

Arguments

cdm	A cdm reference.
name	Name where to assign the new table.
value	Table with the same source than the cdm object.

Value

The cdm reference.

\$.cdm_reference	<i>Subset a cdm reference object.</i>
------------------	---------------------------------------

Description

Subset a cdm reference object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cdm_reference'
x$name
```

Arguments

x	A cdm reference.
name	The name of the table to extract from the cdm object.

Value

A single cdm table reference

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)

cdm <- cdmFromTables(
  tables = list(
    "person" = tibble(
      person_id = c(1, 2, 3), gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,
      race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0
    ),
    "observation_period" = tibble(
      observation_period_id = 1:3, person_id = 1:3,
      observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),
      observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),
      period_type_concept_id = 0
    )
  ),
  cdmName = "mock"
)

cdm$person
```

\$<-.cdm_reference *Assign an table to a cdm reference.*

Description

Assign an table to a cdm reference.

Usage

```
## S3 replacement method for class 'cdm_reference'  
cdm$name <- value
```

Arguments

cdm	A cdm reference.
name	Name where to assign the new table.
value	Table with the same source than the cdm object.

Value

The cdm reference.

Examples

```
library(omopgenerics)  
  
cdm <- cdmFromTables(  
  tables = list(  
    "person" = dplyr::tibble(  
      person_id = c(1, 2, 3), gender_concept_id = 0, year_of_birth = 1990,  
      race_concept_id = 0, ethnicity_concept_id = 0  
    ),  
    "observation_period" = dplyr::tibble(  
      observation_period_id = 1:3, person_id = 1:3,  
      observation_period_start_date = as.Date("2000-01-01"),  
      observation_period_end_date = as.Date("2023-12-31"),  
      period_type_concept_id = 0  
    )  
  ),  
  cdmName = "mock"  
)  
  
cdm$person
```

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